

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

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NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1863.

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The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEP. 19, 1863.

PRIZE ESSAY ON BRITISH COLUMBIA BY THE REV. R. C. LUNDIN BROWN, M. A.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY AND METEOROLOGY CONTINUED.

To the north of Burrard Inlet the coast is, says Dr. Forbes, "a rugged mass of plutonic, trappean and quartzite rocks, with associated semi-crystalline limestone," much the same, in fact, as the Cascade Range.

The coast is deeply indented with numerous inlets and arms of the sea, many of which afford excellent anchorage. "The Colony of British Columbia," says Dr. Forbes, "has a noble barrier for the protection of its shores. An outlying ridge, another parallel chain of mountains, cut off however by the sea from the continent, with which in its physical geography it is connected, forms an archipelago of islands, the chief of which is the sister Colony of Vancouver. He further adds with reference to the country round the mouth of the Fraser, that but for the protection given by Vancouver Island against the storms and currents in these coasts, "the loose friable materials of that district must have been long since swept away, and what will eventually be a rich agricultural country lost to the industry of man."

As already observed the districts on the E. and on the W. of the Cascade Range are vastly different. The great "divide" between these two districts is passed on the several routes near the Halfway House on the way to Lillooet, and at Boston Bar on the Yale route. The country to the W. of this is thickly wooded, the soil is moist and loamy, vegetation is luxuriant. Beyond the Cascade Range on the other hand, the timber is generally speaking, poor, the soil is lighter, but the herbage is excellent. Nor is the difference in climate less remarkable west of the Cascade Mountains, the climate tempered by the ocean is more equable and mild, the winters are less rigorous than on the eastern side, the summer sun less powerful. In the northern parts again we find the features of the landscape changed. The country from Williams Lake to Cariboo seems to resume the aspect of the lower Fraser. Trees abound and grass is more rare. Much rain falls.

It is not easy to give satisfactory information on the very important subject of climate. The recent origin of the Colony, and the want of proper instruments for observation at different points over the country, render our knowledge exceedingly limited. Indeed there is only one district concerning which we possess any definite information whatever, viz: the southern corner east of the Cascade Range; for this we have the observations taken at the observatory at New Westminster by the Royal Engineers. It were greatly to be desired that Government would cause observations to be taken at all the principal towns.

Generally speaking it is a notorious fact that to the west of the Rocky Mountains the climate is much more moderate than on the eastern side. No Arctic currents wash these coasts similar to those which render the winters of the countries of the Atlantic so intense.

The following data, given by Dr. Forbes, apply to the whole of the North Pacific coast: "The winter of 1846 was remarkably severe, the cold setting in on the 5th of January, and continuing with severity until the middle of March, during which time the Columbia River was frozen, the thermometer ranging 5° below Zero.

1847: Very mild throughout. 1848: The cold weather began on the 17th December, the Columbia River froze over, but the ice broke up before New Year's day, the River remaining open.

1849: The cold weather set in on the 27th of November, when the moon was at full, clear days and sharp frosty nights continued till the 10th of December, when the Columbia was covered with floating ice, and snow began to fall heavily; this continued till the 18th, (7 inches of snow on the ground,) when it became mild, with S.E. winds and rain, and open weather continued to the end of the month."

The climate to the west of the Cascade Range is genial and moderate, though rather humid; the summer beautiful with some rainy days; the autumn bright and fine; the winter frosty and rainy by turns, and the spring very wet.

The winter of 1859 was very mild, the frost came November 10th, then went away; snow in December 1860, January, February, March were mild and damp, April and May fine days, but a good deal of rain fell, June, July, August, and September were very fine, October rainy, November and December fine winter weather. In 1861 the maximum temperature at New Westminster was 84°; and the minimum 20° January was wet and frosty.

February very wet; rain fell on 18 days out of the 29. March and April also wet. May fine days, but a good deal of rain. June, July, August, September, very fine, with a little rain.

October, fine, snow appeared upon the mountains in November, and until shortly before Christmas the weather was good. A little bo-

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

New Advertisements.

ERNEST PIGHT,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Spirits, Wines, Ales and Segars.

BRANDIES—French, H. & F. Martell, Pelevoisin and American in bulk and cases;
RUM—Jamaica and other brands;
WHISKEY—Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Monongahela in bulk and cases;
GIN—Holland in bulk and cases;
OLD TOM—Different brands;
WINE—Port, Sherry, California wines, various brands;
CHAMPAGNE, PORTER & ALES—Different brands;
SYRUPS & BITTERS—All kinds;
HAVANNA SEGARS—Different brands.

ERNEST PIGHT,
New Westminster, B. C.,
Brewer and Maltster,
AND DEALER IN
Brewer Stock;
DISTILLER
AND DEALER IN

DOUBLE REFINED SPIRITS,
40° over proof, superior to any;
—ALSO—
REFINED ALCOHOL
in Tins, 95 per cent.
*Chronicle and Colonist please copy. ap15-6m

G. R. ASHWELL,
Importer and Dealer in
FURNITURE, BEDDING, &C.
Columbia Street, New Westminster,

HAVING JUST RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO, a large and well selected Stock of FURNITURE, consisting of
Painted Bed Room Sets, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Mirrors, &c.,
Is prepared to supply the Market at VICTORIA PRICES DUTY ONLY ADDED.
—ALSO—
CURLED HAIR, PELL, WOOL AND STRAW MATTRESSES, BEST FEATHER PILLOWS, &c., &c., on hand and made to order.
Orders from the Interior promptly attended to.
Furniture in Case, and Pulp in Bale, for Up-country trade.
New Westminster, June 5th, 1863. jef-6c

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,
IMPORTER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, CLASSWARE, AND

Oilman's Stores,
Would call the particular attention of Up-river Merchants, Steamboat Owners and others to his Stock, and ascertain the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Fresh Garden Seeds Just received and for sale.
W. J. ARMSTRONG.
New Westminster, March 27th, 1863. ma28-1c

WANTED,
To work on the road between Cook's Ferry and the Bonaparte, 20 AXE-MEN, 20 BLASTERS and 20 GRADERS: Apply to the Contractor on the work.
New Westminster, Aug. 28, 1863. au29-1c

BONDED WAREHOUSE.
500 Tons Storage.
THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declared by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on and after this date.
Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are notified that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick Warehouse.
HARRIS & CO.
New Westminster, July 24, 1863. jy25

New Advertisements.

LILLOOET ROUTE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING REFITTED THE
PEMBERTON HOUSE,
FOR THE
Accommodation of Travellers,
WITH

BEDS AND LIQUORS,
AND having engaged the best Cooks on the Pacific Coast, are prepared to furnish the travelling public with all the comforts and luxuries of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, at greatly reduced rates.
N. B.—Travellers will find it to their advantage to patronize this House, as none but the best of everything will be furnished.
Pemberton, Sept. 12th, 1862. P. SMITH & CO. sc13

CITY BAKERY
—AND—
COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets, where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.
Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Fies and Cakes, supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.
Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.
JOSEPH SOREL.
New Westminster, March 3, 1863. ma4

Royal Columbian Hospital.
THE ABOVE INSTITUTION is in much need of Lint and Flannel, therefore an appeal to the Ladies of British Columbia is herewith made for donations of Old Clothing that will answer the above purpose. Parcels forwarded to the Steward at the Hospital will be thankfully received.
By Order of the Board of Management.
A. C. LAWRENCE,
Hon'y Secretary.
New Westminster, June 26th, 1863. 1m.

Mrs. KIRKWOOD,
DRESS MAKER,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,
Spalding Street, New Westminster, B. C.
The latest Ladies' Fashions from Paris on hand, an inspection of which is respectfully invited.
ma18 1m

PUBLIC NOTICE!
THE SALE OF TOWN LOTS at Clinton is postponed until Thursday, the 22nd October, next.
R. C. MOODY,
Col. R. E., C. C. L. W.
Lands & Works Department,
18th July, 1863. jy22

LUMBER.
CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of
Rough and Dressed Lumber,
—ALSO—
DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.
Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.
J. A. R. HOMER.
New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861. jy22

PIONEER SALOON.
Mr. J. T. SCOTT
HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample
—OF HIS—
Wines, Ales and Liquors,

which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid
Billiard Hall,
which is furnished with three first-class Billiard Tables, with marble beds and Phelan's competition cushions; and being well lighted and ventilated, possesses all the facilities for enjoying a quiet game at Billiards. jyl1

W. GRIEVE,
Tailor and Clothier,
Two Doors East of the Colonial Hotel,
Columbia Street.
ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style. d3

New Advertisements.

BALMORAL SEED STORE
—AND—
Nursery Depot,
FORT STREET.

MY STOCK OF SEEDS, TREES, PLANTS, &c., being now very complete, Farmers and Merchants are invited to call and examine for themselves. Country and British Columbia Merchants supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES.
THE SUBSCRIBER, having been appointed Agent for some of the Largest Importers and Best Manufacturers of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES in San Francisco, is prepared to supply all sorts of Agricultural Implements and Machines at a small advance on San Francisco prices. Parties wanting Patent Hay Presses, Mowing and Reaping Machines, Fanning Mills, Ploughs, Harrows, Scythes or any other Implement or Machine will do well to send their orders. Parties ordering will require to remit with the order about one-fifth of the value of the machine to pay Freight.
J. BEGG,
ap18tc Balmoral Nursery Depot, Fort St., Victoria.

British Columbia STAGE COMPANY.
(LIMITED.)

THE COMPANY'S STAGES, carrying Passengers and Express Freight, run regularly between
Douglas and Lillooet,
Leaving each Town every morning.
FINE GOODS are conveyed, with dispatch, over the route in Light Four-Horse Waggon.
For further information, apply to
STEWART, MELDRUM & CO.,
Victoria,
HENRY HOLBROOK,
New Westminster,
and at the Company's Offices in Douglas and Lillooet
sc6 1m

To Civil Engineers!
FOR SALE cheap, and to be seen at Hibben & Carswell's Branch Book Store, New Westminster, a set of SURVEYOR'S INSTRUMENTS, consisting of
1 Seven inch THEODOLITE, with 2 Telescopes,
1 Y. LEVEL, 18 inch Telescope,
1 CIRCUMFERENTOR, or Compass, with a set of Drawing Instruments and Colors, &c., if desired.
New Westminster, Jan. 26, 1863. ja28

ADVERTISEMENT.
In the Press, and will shortly be published,
THE ARISTOCRACY OF VANCOUVER ISLAND, 1863,
in pamphlet form, price 1s., containing narratives of the pedigrees of all the distinguished families of the present day. This work, being one of the first issuing from the press of British Columbia, should have a place in every library, both Colonial and English.
New Westminster, June 12, 1863. jel3

HARDIE'S HOTEL.
New Westminster, B. C.
H. V. EDMONDS, PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOUSE offers accommodation equal to any in the Colony, at extremely moderate prices.
ALES, WINES, SPIRITS AND CIGARS
of the best brands constantly on hand.
Square Meals, 50 cents,
Beds, 50 "
Board per week, 6 dollars,
Board and lodging per week, 8 "
MATTRESSES provided FREE.
January 30th, 1863. ja31 1c

SMITH & MURRAY
BEG LEAVE to call the attention of their friends and the public to the
CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK
—OF—
FAMILY GROCERIES

which they have just opened, and which they are prepared to sell at the
Lowest Possible Prices,
FOR CASH.
SMITH & MURRAY,
Columbia Street, New Westminster.

G. VIGNOLO & CO.,
No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,
—ALSO—
Importers and Agents for the best brands of French Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer. jy12

Victoria Advertisements.

THE Royal Insurance Company.
—FOR—
Fire & Life Insurance.

CAPITAL Ten Million Dollars!
HEAD OFFICES,—Liverpool and London.
CHAIRMAN,
Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.
DEPUTY CHAIRMAN,
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.
MANAGER AND ACTUARY,
FRANCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERSIGNED their Agents for
Vancouver Island & British Columbia,
and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the
Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.
James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.
ANDERSON & CO.,
Wharf Street, ja2

ST. GEORGE HOTEL!
VIEW STREET,
Between Broad and Douglas Streets.
VICTORIA, V. I.

THIS ELEGANT BRICK HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the Public.
Suits of Rooms and Single Rooms on reasonable terms.
A RESTAURANT being attached to the house, Meals can be had at ALL HOURS of the day.
The best LIQUORS & CIGARS are dispensed at the bar.
my23-1c

STATIONERY
Counting House, Official, Printers
AND FOR GENERAL USES,
Of every conceivable style and quality, STAPLE and FANCY.

Wrapping Papers,
Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors;
Drawing, Lithographic, Cartridge, Blotting, Tissue, Copying, and Tracing Papers and Cloths;

Sheet and Manuscript MUSIC,
Sacred, Sentimental and Comic, bound and unbound,

COAST CHARTS, CARIBOO MAPS,
Mathematical Instruments, Gold Pens
—AND—
Pocket Cutlery.

BOOKS,
SCHOOL, STANDARD, MISCELLANEOUS, AND ORNAMENTAL.
New Publications
Received as issued by first conveyance.
HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
STATIONER'S HALL.

J. L. JUNGERMANN,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
YATES STREET, OPPOSITE LANGLEY,
VICTORIA, V. I.

Patent Gold and Silver Watches
Fully equal to Chronometer Timepieces from the Manufacture of Lange, Dresden, universally acknowledged as the best European maker. More than twenty of these magnificent Watches are already disposed of to gentlemen in the city and country, each one giving the most entire satisfaction. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, COMPASSES, SPECTACLES, OPERA GLASSES, &c., &c., constantly on hand.
fe14 1c

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.
This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12c. Terms per quarter, 10s., or \$2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or 4.50; and yearly \$1 10s., or \$7.50. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.
Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Messrs. Clarkson & Co., Columbia Street.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, \$2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, \$3 first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.
All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.
All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

The British Columbian.
NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEP. 19, 1863.
VICTORIA AND UNION.

The colors of the dying dolphin are said to be very various, and beautiful in their variety. The creature quivers and flutters in its suffocating agony, and the sunbeams glance in different angles from its scales. In what striking contrast do we witness Victoria in her first agonizing throws of despair. Writhing and quivering she only displays those weak points of selfish, corrupt avarice which even in death one would desire to conceal. In life proud and haughty, boasting of position, power and wealth, this self-styled, "favorite of nature," when brought to look death in the face, displays even more than ordinary frailty, and cries most piteously for succor from those who in her brilliant but short career she most contemned.

It was hoped that with the announcement of the Duke of Newcastle that he had, in deference to the wishes of the people of this Colony, consented to give us a separate Government the windy rant of Victoria unionists would have ceased, at least for a season. It appears, however, to have been but the signal for a more general discharge of pop-guns—a more disgusting display of selfish puerility. The *Colonist*, who for five years had boasted of their natural advantages and advocated union, professedly from the most philanthropic motives, is brought all at once to make the humiliating confession that they cannot do without us, that a union is a financial necessity. The position is even taken that they cannot vote the estimates until assured that the union will be consummated.

Another paper published in Victoria, possessing a modicum of ability and still less consistency, acknowledges the impracticability of uniting these Colonies with their present different modes of raising a revenue, and proposes to meet the difficulty by dispensing with our customs tariff and substituting their free port system. Without stopping to prove the inadaptability of that system to this Colony, in its present condition at least, one cannot help being struck with the cool impudence of the suggestion, under all the circumstances. They want a union with this Colony—must have a union; and in order that a union which we neither need nor desire may be consummated they propose that we should exchange a system of revenue which is suited to the country and works well for one which would not work at all and which no body in this Colony would think of adopting. We admit that changes are needed in our tariff, and that by imposing an export tax upon gold, a tax we have always advocated, import duties might be greatly modified. But that for many years to come the revenue of British Columbia must in great part be raised by means of a customs tariff we presume no one at all acquainted with the Colony can entertain a doubt.

It is only in the absence of important political topics that we feel inclined to amuse ourselves with the silly vapors of the Victoria press upon this subject; for the fact that the Duke of Newcastle has decided to confer separate Governments upon these Colonies must set at rest the idea of any union for the next six years at least; and by that time we fancy our Victoria neighbors will see things in a very different light. If they cannot afford to pay their own Civil List that is no affair of ours, and their course is to make a proper acknowledgement of that inability at the Colonial office and beg assistance from the Imperial Government. But certainly such a humiliating after all their boasting about their wealth, their natural advantages and their admirable free port system.

We would advise our Island contemporaries to employ their talents in some more profitable way than hawking about what is an utter impossibility; for having travelled through a considerable portion of this Colony, and knowing thoroughly the sentiments of the people, we are prepared to say that a union of these Colonies would be stoutly opposed by every resident in British Columbia who does not happen to possess a greater personal interest in the Island than he does in this Colony. Nor are the milk-and-water sophistical articles which appear from time to time in the *Colonist* and *Chronicle* likely to produce much change in public sentiment upon this subject. The people of this Colony are thoroughly aware that the union is only sought in order that the poverty-stricken Island may get a slice of our revenue without giving a *quid pro quo*, for they really have nothing to give. We have been paying £3,000 a year for the support of their Governor, and we can easily afford to

pay that amount, or twice as much if necessary, for one of our own, without any foreign assistance; but we cannot consent to have a drag fastened upon this Colony merely for the accommodation of the vampires who have been sucking our life blood these five years. They must look out for a fresh victim now.

New Advertisements.
FRANKLIN HOUSE!

CHARLIE FORD, Proprietor,
BEGS LEAVE TO INTIMATE TO THE PUBLIC that he has opened a
RESTAURANT
Next door to Mr. Scott's Saloon, for the accommodation of the Public, with all the modern appliances of a First Class House.
MEALS at all hours, served up in every style. PRIVATE DINNERS and SUPPERS punctually attended to, &c., &c.
New Westminster, Sept. 18, 1863. se19-1c

STOCK WANTED
TO WINTER ON

MILLER'S RANCH!
ON THE SUMASS.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform Packers and others having Stock to winter, that he is prepared to take charge of a number of animals upon reasonable terms. Plenty of excellent grass, and well-cured hay as well as extensive housing accommodation.
DAVID MILLER.
Sumass, Lower Fraser, Sept. 18, 1863. se19-1c

QUEEN CHARLOTTE MINING COMPANY [LIMITED.]

A COMPETENT MINING ENGINEER is wanted to superintend the works of the Company. Applications in writing, with references and stating terms, can be made to the undersigned at the Company's Office, No 8 Commercial Row, Wharf Street, Victoria, where any request for required information can be addressed.
ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.
Victoria, Sept. 12, 1863. se19-1m

TO PLASTERERS.

TENDERS will be received for the Plastering of the Presbyterian Church in this City up till 18th inst., at 6 o'clock, P.M.
Specifications to be seen with Mr. John Murray. The lowest tender or any not necessarily accepted.

COLONIAL BOOK-STORE.

CLARKSON & CO. are receiving additions to their stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY by every steamer. Panoramic Views of New Westminster and vicinity for sale. Call and examine.
Orders for PAPERS and PERIODICALS promptly filled.
New Westminster, Sept. 15, 1863. se16-1c

MUNICIPAL NOTICE!

THE ASSESSMENT ROLL of the City of New Westminster, for the year 1863-64, is open for the inspection of rate-payers, at the Town Hall; and the Municipal Council will hold a special meeting on Thursday the 24th September, instant, at 7 o'clock, P.M., for the purpose of hearing appeals and deciding thereon.
By order, VALENTINE HALL, Town Clerk.
New Westminster, Sept. 14, 1863. se16-1d

FOR SALE.

THE STAGE HOTEL, LILLOOET, with furniture complete, and on easy terms. The Hotel is doing a good business. Apply to
J. HERKIMER, Lillooet.

ALSO,
MY HOTEL AT CLINTON, just now opened, with furniture complete. This House is situated at the 47 Mile Post and Junction of the Lillooet & Yale wagon road. Apply to
J. HERKIMER, Lillooet.

The Proprietor wishes to leave the country, and will sell the above property on reasonable terms if applied to soon.
se9-1c J. HERKIMER.



NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons who may have recorded Claims to Country Lands in the vicinity of New Westminster, under the Pre-emption Act, and whose Claims are now embraced within the Survey of that District, that they are required to prove their right to such land, in writing, to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, on or before the 25th instant, or failing to do so the land is liable to be offered for sale at Public Auction on the 30th instant. All persons who have paid deposits on the land referred to are requested to pay the balance due upon the said lands, at the Lands and Works Office, New Westminster, on or before the 13th October next.
R. C. MOODY, Col. R. E., and Chief Commissioner.
Lands & Works Department, New Westminster, 8th Sept., 1863. se9-6w

Wanted Immediately!

TEN GOOD CARPENTERS.

Apply to
A. H. MANSON, Carnarvon Street.
New Westminster, 12th June, 1863. je13-1c

New Advertisements.
WINDOW GLASS, Paints, Varnishes, Oils, Glue, Turpentine, &c.

WE CONSTANTLY KEEP ON HAND a large Stock of the above articles, from direct imports, to which we invite the attention of our friends in British Columbia.
JOHN BANKS & CO., IMPORTERS, Wharf Street, Foot of Yates, VICTORIA, V. I.

JOHN BANKS & CO.,
DEALERS IN

KEROSENE OILS, CAMPHENE, ETC.,
WHARF STREET, FOOT OF YATES, aul2 VICTORIA, V. I. 1m

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts and Old Wounds.
No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflammation.
These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the anointers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; and most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout & Neuralgia.
Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation and superfluities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected, even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm & other Skin Diseases.
After fomentation with warm water, utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood, and consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will be readily improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should not be promoted; perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps & all other Derangements of the Throat.
On the appearance of any of these maladies the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat; this course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

Serofula or King's Evil and Swelling of the Glands.
This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a serofulous nature. As the blood is impure the liver, stomach and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—
Bad Legs, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore-throats, Skin-diseases, Scoury, Tumors, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world, at the following prices:—1s., 1d., 2s., 9d., 4s., 6d., 11s., 22s., and 38s. each Pot.
* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. aul5

MONEY TO LEND
ON APPROVED SECURITY.

Apply to
VALENTINE HALL, New Westminster, July 27, 1863. jy29-1c

New Boot and Shoe Shop
MANY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,
Boots and Shoes made and repaired.
W. WOODMAN, New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy 12-1m

New Advertisements.

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
CORNER OF JOHNSON AND WHARF STREETS,
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

H. N. DICKSON & CO., LONDON.
DICKSON, DEWOLF & CO., SAN FRANCISCO.
jy15-1c

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
DRY GOODS

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING!
BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

WILLIAM GILLETT begs to call the attention of the inhabitants of New Westminster and British Columbia to a favorable opportunity for obtaining bargains, as he is about making considerable alterations in his present establishment. The whole of his valuable stock will be greatly reduced in price and ready for inspection at 11 o'clock on Saturday and thereafter, until every article is disposed of, at prices which cannot fail to ensure ready sale.
N. B.—All the above goods have been recently bought, and consequently there are no old "Shop-keepers."
TERMS—Positively Cash.
New Westminster, June 9th, 1863. je10

BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA

NEW WESTMINSTER AGENCY.
THE BRANCH at New Westminster is now opened and prepared to receive Current Accounts and Deposits at fixed periods, bearing Interest.
Gold Bars purchased and American Coin given for the same.
Advances made on Assay Certificates, and the balance paid in Victoria ten days from date of deposit. Merchants and Traders by this arrangement can have the benefit of the Government Assay Office, and at the same time save all detention.
Gold Dust received on Consignment, and proceeds applied as advised.
ADVANCES made on GOODS in BOND, and DUTIES paid on same.
Drafts granted on Victoria, San Francisco & London.
JAS. D. WALKER, Manager.
jy22-1c

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,
Government Street,
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND

N. C. MATTHESEN, } PROPRIETORS.
P. MATTHESEN,
H. VALENTINER,

THIS CAPACIOUS AND ELEGANT HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a
FIRST CLASS HOUSE,
the rooms being well lighted, warmed and ventilated, and tastefully furnished. There is a large
PUBLIC RESTAURANT
connected with the Hotel, and a Ladies' Ordinary. It also contains Private Parlors, Suites of Rooms for parties, &c.

The Culinary Department
is under the management of a First Class Cook, and the Bakery is provided with one of the celebrated HAMBURG OVENS, which turns out bread unsurpassed by any in the world. Families supplied with bread at the counter of the Restaurant. ap8-1c

PIONEER MILLS,
BURRARD INLET,
British Columbia.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having completed their Saw Mill on the above Inlet, five miles above the first narrows, are now prepared to furnish
FIR, CEDAR AND SPRUCE LUMBER,
EITHER ROUGH OR DRESSED.
— ALSO —
TONGUED AND GROOVED FLOORING,
in any quantity, delivered at the Mill, New Westminster, or Victoria, V. I., at prices considerably lower than those ruling at Puget Sound.
The quality of the timber on the Inlet is much superior to that either on the Sound or the Lower Fraser, and they can, consequently, engage to produce a better article of lumber.
Mr. P. Hick, of New Westminster, will receive orders, which will be promptly attended to.
T. W. GRAHAM & CO.,
Pioneer Mills, Burrard Inlet, June 30, 1863. jy1-1c

New Advertisements.

CLARKSON & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,
COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER.

ARE IMPORTING direct from England and Eastern Markets,
English and American Novels,
Sound Books, comprising all the Standard Works,
POETRY AND FICTION,
a fine assortment of
Family and Small Pocket Bibles,
Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,
Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.
Blank Cards of every description and color. Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes, and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books,
Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tunn Books, Tuck Memorandums, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue, Black, and Indelible Inks, in bottles of all sizes, Steel and Quill Pens, Sealingwax, of all colors, Seals, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments,
(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.)
Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordions, Flutinas, Clarionets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.
The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Books by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.
Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Coast of British Columbia, and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.
Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.
Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.
New Westminster, March 13, 1863. mch13

THE COLONIAL HOTEL
— AND —
RESTAURANT.
FRONT STREET,
FORT YALE, B. C.

THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT, having been erected by fitted up at a great expense, is ready for the reception of the public.
The BAR will contain the choicest Liquors, with the TABLE will be constantly supplied with the substantial as well as the delicacies of the season.
N. B.—Good, clean Sleeping Apartments connected with the Hotel.
L. DAVISON, Manager.
Fort Yale, B.C., March 27th, 1863. mch27

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS,
Columbia Street, New Westminster,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

British and American
Hardware and Cutlery,
Agricultural Implements,
Stoves, Tinware, Crockery, Paints,
Oils and Window Glass.
New Westminster, April 3, 1863. ap4-1c

T. ALLSOP,
LAND AGENT,
GOVERNMENT ST., NEAR BROUGHTON,
VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots and Farming Lands Bought, Sold and Leased,
Mortgages Effected,
Mineral and Agricultural Lands Inspected, Surveyed and Reported on.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

THE COPARTNERSHIP lately existing between THOMAS KELLY and MILES CALHOUN DAVIS at Richfield, is dissolved by mutual arrangement, from the 11th August, 1863. All debts due to the late partnership are to be paid to, and all liabilities contracted by the late partnership are to be liquidated by, the said MILES CALHOUN DAVIS.
Middletown, Richfield, August 16, 1863. se2-1m

100

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning,
and sent by Express
To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon
and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a prompt and work-
man-like manner.

The British Columbian.
NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEP. 19, 1863.

[Continued from First Page.]
fore Christmas there was hard frost, increasing
in intensity till January 9th, 1862, when the
river froze over opposite New Westminster, re-
maining so till the early part of March. The
minimum temperature was 16¹/₂° below Zero.
Such a winter has not been known in the coun-
try for 13 years.

The difference in the physical aspects of the
countries on either side the Cascades extends,
as already remarked, to the climates. As a sam-
ple the last four winters at Lillooet may be de-
scribed.

In 1859 winter began on the 7th November,
and continued till the middle of March.

In 1860 winter commenced on the 7th Decem-
ber, and lasted till the end of February. There
were three or four days of severe cold with wind
from the N., and the thermometer fell to Zero.
There was a long spell of bright, clear, frosty
weather, with an occasional thaw; little snow
fell.

In 1861 the severest winter known for 20
years began on the 27th of November, and may
be said to have lasted till the end of March, al-
though the river did not break up till April 15th.
The thermometer attained a minimum of 25° be-
low Zero. There were 10 weeks of continued
frost, when the thermometer frequently got be-
low Zero in the evenings and mornings. But
the weather was always clear and sunny. The
snow was at one time 12 inches deep, but at
other places in this section of country there
were last winter 2 feet of snow, a depth how-
ever very unusual. Notwithstanding this, most
of the stock left to winter out and find their own
food as best they might survive.

The winter of 1862-3 was extremely mild,
with the exception of two or three days in No-
vember, and ten days of severe cold in Feb-
ruary.

January and February are usually cold months,
March and April variable—the plains begin to
be clothed with verdure. May to October, and
sometimes November, fine, clear, warm weather;
in the last two months the evenings are frosty.
December is cold and wintry. In summer on the
other hand the mercury sometimes shows 100° in
the shade.

In this section of country little rain falls.
More rain fell in 1862 than in 1861, more again
in 1861 than in 1860.

In the Okanagan district there is a great sup-
ply of rain; at Williams Lake a sufficient quan-
tity. At the latter place the winters are more
severe than at Lillooet, the thermometer some-
times ranging as low as 40° below Zero; yet the
weather is clear, and without wind: and in the
experience of those accustomed to cold climates,
any cold is bearable and even enjoyable, so long
as the sun comes out during the day and the
winds are still.

At Alexandria and Quesnelle mouth, snow ap-
pears in the end of November, and lies to a depth
of 18 inches for three or four months: January
is the coldest, August the hottest, June the
rainiest, August, September and October the
driest months in the year.

The climate of Cariboo is severe. There the
winters are long, lasting from November to the
end of April; yet the weather is usually clear
and calm, snow falls principally in January or
February, sometimes to a depth of from 7 to 10
feet, so that snow shoes are used for winter
travelling.

But, with the exception of Cariboo, the climate
of British Columbia is universally regarded as
one of the finest in the world. Nor can the fact
of its extreme healthiness be too much insisted on.
Cases of sickness are rare, and many who suffer-
ed at home from feeble health, have here inhaled
new life from the bracing mountain breeze.

MINERAL RESOURCES.

Of the resources of the country the most im-
portant are mineral, and among the first comes
the noblest of metals—gold.

British Columbia is pre-eminently a gold coun-
try. To its gold it owes its existence as a Col-
ony. Only that mighty magnet which attracts
man with so potent a spell—because it represents
to him all that earth can bestow—could have
drawn a population into regions so inhospitable
and so remote. But for these gold discoveries
it is more than probable that the unclaimed acres
of other more attractive lands would have been
occupied by the settler, ere enterprise and endur-
ance forced a path through these forests, or laid
bare the treasures of these mountains.

The "colour" of gold has been found in parts
of the country the most dissimilar in appearance
and the most remote from each other. By the
"colour" being found is meant that when all the
earth has been "washed" or removed by water
out of the pan or basin used for the purpose, some
specks of the heavy metal are found to remain
behind. The "color" then has been found on the
bars and banks of the Fraser River and its tribu-
taries, and in the benches which run parallel to
the Fraser. The country is also surrounded by
auriferous mountains: gold being found on the
Stikkeen and Peace Rivers to the north, in the
mountains which transect the eastern as well as
in streams flowing through the western portions
of the country.

The gold found on Fraser River and its ben-
ches is remarkably fine, and cannot be obtained
without the use of quicksilver; when thus pro-
cured it is subjected to the action of heat to re-
move the quicksilver, some of the latter, however,
still remains in it, and this kind of gold, from its
admixture with the quicksilver, is called amal-
gam dust.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

Along the whole course from Hope to Alexan-
dria, there are certain remarkable gold-contain-
ing benches. These benches are well described
in a letter in the Times from its "own corre-
spondent" in British Columbia. He says: "The
Fraser and many of its tributaries are skirted or
bordered by terraces, all of which yield gold.
These terraces, or benches as the miners call
them, run at intervals along both sides of the
rivers for miles in length; and they recede where
the mountains retire, from distances back into the
valleys varying from a few acres to a few miles
in breadth. They are objects of curiosity and
speculation, and add much to the beauty of the
rude scenes in which they occur, from the regu-
larity and evenness of their structure. They gen-
erally occur on both sides of the river, and in
some places are multiplied into several succe-
ssive level plateaus, rising high above the other as
they recede from the bank."

The claims on the river have been mostly aban-
doned by white men, the attractions of Cariboo
proving more inviting. These claims are now
worked by Chinamen whose wages average \$2
to \$5 a day.

The further one goes up the Fraser and its
tributaries, the coarser the gold becomes. The
first pioneers of the country expected to find it
so. Where they asked themselves as they ex-
amined the fine gold of the lower Fraser, does
this dust come from? It must be formed by
the disintegration of coarser gold—where then
is the coarser gold, and the quartz veins whence
coarse gold comes? So those enterprising men
went up the river and its tributaries in quest of
coarse gold. This was discovered in 1859, first
on the Quesnelle River, and late in 1860 follow-
ed the discovery of Cariboo.

Cariboo is unquestionably the richest part of
the country yet explored. In that region the
gold is found both in the beds of the creeks and
in their banks. The bed-rock from which it is
taken is very irregular, being "struck" some-
times near the surface, sometimes at a depth of
from 12 to 50 feet. The bed-rock itself consists
of slate, which is generally of a bluish colour,
though sometimes of a yellowish white. For the
primary or igneous rocks which form the
marked geological feature of the whole country
are, in Cariboo, of a schistose or slaty character.
The gold is found in the bluish clay which is on
and in the slaty bottom, sometimes as far as a
foot deep; streaks of yellowish clay are also
found, which are sometimes very rich. The gold
appears to have been held in the ridges of the
slate (which lie generally at an angle of 45°) as
in a natural rifle. No quicksilver is used, so that
the tiny particles are allowed to escape. But
these "tailings" will all be washed over again
with quicksilver at some future period.

The gold of Cariboo is frequently found mixed
with quartz. Sometimes the quartz is in the
centre of the specimen, protected by the gold;
sometimes the specimen shows only the slightest
admixture of quartz, or again it is almost all
quartz with a bright spot of gold offering a fine
contrast with the white stone. It is interesting
to note the history of this combination. In or-
der to understand it, we must go back to the
fountain-head, viz: the rocks from which this
gold with its quartz has come. Here is an igne-
ous metamorphic slate-rock, one of those giants
primeval, who bear the world on their shoulders.
It is in a state of intense heat: it cools, and in
cooling cracks: through its cracks or fissures
water passes containing silica: it deposits its
silica in the rent of the fire-rock, probably on both
sides of the rent; and so the sides of the rent
or fissures are coated with quartz. Up from be-
neath rushes a stream of molten gold; the fluid
metal mixes and combines with the quartz and
remains in union with it, when it cools and hard-
ens. In process of time the rock which holds
this gold and quartz is worn away.

The gold-pieces have been scattered and sub-
jected to various influences. Where they have
been driven to a distance or subjected to the
action of water, sand, &c., they become rounded
like many of the Cariboo specimens (e.g. Wil-
liams Creek): sometimes the pieces are more
jagged and angular, as if they had not been driven
far, but left where they fell, the quartz which
encased them having decayed and fallen away
from about them. Such is the Lowhee gold.

In the early part of the season of 1861, the
most important creek in Cariboo was Antler.
This creek yielded at one time at the lowest \$10,
000 a day. The writer was present when on
one claim \$1000 were taken out of the sluice-boxes
as the result of a day's work! Later in the sea-
son Williams Creek came into notice, and ere
long wholly eclipsed Antler. One claim, Steele's,
gave on one day 387 oz. and even reached a maxi-
mum yield of 409 oz.: the total obtained on
that claim on an area of 80 feet by 25, was
a sum of £21,000. The experience of 1862 has
confirmed the opinion of the great wealth of Wil-
liams Creek, and shown it to be one of the richest
creeks in the world. In 1861 gold was found
on that creek only in 6 claims, but now the val-
ley is taken up for 6 miles, both in the creek and
in the hill side. In 1861 the only mining was
in surface diggings. The mining of 1862 assumed
a new character, and shaft sinking, drifting, and
tunnelling are now vigorously prosecuted; a
system of mining by it observed which unlike
the former can be carried on throughout the en-
tire year.

(To be Continued.)

New Advertisements.

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER!

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform the Public that
he is now prepared to contract for the erection of
buildings. He is also prepared to make plans for all
sorts of buildings, bridges, &c.; and from his long prac-
tical experience as a builder, feels quite confident that
he will only require the opportunity in order to give
perfect satisfaction to those who may favor him with
their patronage. OFFICE—On Columbia Street.
JAMES KENNEDY.
New Westminster, 20th Aug: 1863. au22-1c

New Advertisements.

THE SUFFERER'S BEST FRIEND. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

All Disorders affecting the Liver,
Stomach and Bowels.

These Pills can be confidently recommended as the
most simple and certain remedy for indigestion, flatu-
lency, acidity, heartburn, colic, constipation, and all the
many maladies resulting from disordered stomach or
bowels. In all diseases it is of primary importance to
set the stomach right. These Pills are purifiers, alter-
natives, and strengtheners of the stomach. They may
be taken under any circumstances. Though powerfully
tonic, and satisfactorily aperient, they are mild in their
operation, and beneficial to the whole system.

Weakness and Debility, Nervous
Irritability.

The wholesale effect exercised by these admirable
Pills over the blood and fluids generally is like a charm
in dispelling low spirits, and restoring cheerfulness.
Their general aperient qualities well fit them for a do-
mestic medicine, particularly for females of all ages and
periods of life. They never betray any disagreeable
irritating qualities; they quickly eject all impurities
from the system, and regulate every function of the body,
giving wonderful tone and energy to weak and debili-
tated persons, while they brace and strengthen the ner-
vous system in a most extraordinary manner.

To Regain Health, Strength and
Vigour.

Whenever persons find themselves in that state termed
a "little out of health," and there are so many causes
as at work to shorten life, it is necessary that Holo-
way's Pills, the finest purifier of the blood ever known,
should be at once taken, as they not only rid both solids
and fluids of all morbid matters, but regulate all disor-
dered actions, and strengthen the frame in a most ex-
traordinary manner.

Old Coughs, Colds and Asthmatical
Affections.

These Pills, assisted in their action by rubbing Holo-
way's Ointment very effectively twice a day upon the
chest and throat, and keeping those parts covered with
the preparation, will be found the most effective remedy
for asthma, coughs, colds, bronchitis, and influenza.
These remedies tranquilize the hurried breathing,
soothe the irritated air-tubes, and assist in dislodging
the phlegm which stops up the air-passages. This
treatment has proved wonderfully efficient in not only
curing old settled colds, but asthma of many years
standing, and even when patients who were in so bad a
state as not able to lie down on their beds lest they be
choked with phlegm.

Derangement and Distention of the
Bowels, Flatulency, Diarrhoea
and Dysentery.

Any symptoms of the above complaints should be im-
mediately met by appropriate doses of these Pills, ac-
cording to the printed directions: delay may be fol-
lowed by disastrous consequences. These Pills are a
certain remedy for all the ailments of the alimentary
canal, they secure the thorough digestion of the food,
and act most kindly on the stomach, liver, bowels and
kidneys. As a household medicine they are unrivalled,
and should always be at hand.

Very Important, of Costiveness
Beware.

Rarely but little notice is taken of costiveness, yet,
at certain periods, it is a sure sign that danger is near.
All who are seized with apoplexy and paralysis, have
previously suffered from costiveness. In the former
case the blood flies to the head, a small vein is ruptured
on the brain, and we know the rest. Let wives coun-
sel their husbands, and husbands their wives, never to
go to bed a second night, if the bowels have not been
properly moved during the day, particularly if they feel
heavy and drowsy. A few gentle doses of these fine
Pills will regulate the circulation of the blood, and all
dangerous symptoms.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world
for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irreg-	Retention of Urine
Asthma	ularities	Scrofula, or King's
Bilious Complaints	Fevers of all	Evil
Blisters on the	kinds	Sore Throats
skin	Fits	Stone and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Gout	Secondary Sym-
Colic	Head-ache	ptoms
Constipation of the	Indigestion	Tic Douloureux
Bowels	Inflammation	Tumours
Debility	Jaundice	Ulcers
Dropsy	Liver Com-	Veneral Affections
Dysentery	plaints	Worms of all kinds
Erysipelas	Lumbago	Weakness, from
	Piles	whatever cause,
	Rheumatism	&c., &c.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,
244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London: also by all
respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines through-
out the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s.
1/4, 2s., 2s. 1/2, 4s., 6d., 1s., 2s., and 3s., each Box.
** There is a considerable saving by taking the
larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in
every disorder are affixed to each box. au12

BOSTON BAR HOTEL, BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER flatters themselves that they will
give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them
with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars
constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies,
etc. Prices very low.

JOLIEUR & CO.
Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. je27

LOUIS HAUTIER'S HOTEL.

BILLIARD SALOON,
Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock
of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly
on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the
colony. The charges are moderate.
Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at
low prices.
Lytton City, November 10, 1862. no12

New Advertisements.

PRINTING

—FOR THE—

MILLION!

Posters,
Circulars,
Bill-Heads,
Business Cards,
Steamboat Tickets,
Programmes,
Way-Bills,
Pamphlets,

Labels,

Printed Forms

of every description, executed in a manner

That will Defy Competition!

Every Business Man should use printed Bill-
heads, as they not only save time, but look
more business-like, and serve as an advertise-
ment.

Every Keeper of Public House should have
printed Cards for distribution amongst the
Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to
exhibit on Steamboats, and in Hotels, &c.

Every Steamboat Owner, Merchant, Trader,
Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business
in this Colony, should get his Printing done
in the office of the

'BRITISH COLUMBIAN,'

LYTTON SQUARE,
NEW WESTMINSTER,
WHERE ENTIRE SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform
Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as
well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may con-
cern, that having recently made extensive additions to

THE PRINTING PLANT

of the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, he is now
prepared to execute with promptitude every description

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL JOB PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably
with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive
careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON.
New Westminster, B. C., April, 1862.

New Advertisements.

CARIBOO

EVERY PERSON SHOULD KNOW
THAT THE
Shortest, Best and Cheapest
ROUTE

CARIBOO MINES

IS VIA THE
YALE AND LYTTON

WAGON ROAD.

The chained distances on the Yale and Lytton Road are
as follows:

From Yale to Boston Bar, 25 Miles
" Boston Bar to Lytton, 32 1/2
" Lytton to McLean's, 47 1/2
" McLean's to Junction of Wagon Road, 19 "

Distance from Yale to Junction, 124 "

COMPARE THE ABOVE

with the following distances set down by Lillooet
Shippers:

From Douglas to Lillooet, 110 Miles
" Lillooet to Junction, 47 "

Dist. from Douglas to Junction, 157 "

THE JUNCTION

is the point at which the Wagon Roads intersect each
other, and where the Cariboo-bound traveller by the
Yale-Lytton and Douglas-Lillooet routes MUST meet.
It will, therefore, be seen by the above figures that the
traveller by YALE and LYTTON has

THIRTY-THREE MILES LESS TRAVEL

than if he went by the Douglas-Lillooet route.

Remember that on this Route there
are NO PORTAGES where Goods or An-
imals may be detained.

Messrs. DUBIG, LANE, BLACK, and other Carriers
of Merchandise, advertise to

Carry Freight from Yale to Lytton
\$20 per Ton Less

than is or will be charged on the Douglas-Lillooet route.

The New and Splendid Steamer

RELIANCE!

CONNECTS WITH THE VICTORIA STEAMER

ENTERPRISE,

and conveys her Freight and Passengers to Yale at
greatly reduced rates.

SHIPPERS

desirous of getting Freight through to Cariboo this
season are advised to

Shun the Douglas-Lillooet Route!

and are referred to the testimony adduced in the
CRANFORD CASE, wherein witnesses have stated upon
oath that 15, 20, or even 30 days, is a REASON-
ABLE TIME to convey Freight from Douglas to Lillooet.

Five Days Only are required to
Carry Goods from Yale to Lytton,
and

SHIPPERS ARE ASSURED

that if Freight is carried from Douglas to Lillooet for
Two Cents per lb,

Carriers are prepared to Carry

FREIGHT FROM YALE TO LYTTON

WITH SAFETY AND DESPATCH, FOR

One Cent Per Pound!!!

All those who allow themselves to be crammed by
Douglasites this year need expect no sympathy from
the public if they get broke trying to get goods through
that route.

Remember the Cranford affair; and steer clear
of extortion and delays.

Travel the Yale and Lytton Wagon Road to
the Cariboo Mines.

New and Commodious HOTELS have been erect-
ed at convenient distances along the entire length of
the route, where FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS for both
man and beast are bestowed AT MODERATE RATES.

FOR CHEAPNESS, DESPATCH, EASE AND SECURITY
choose the YALE and LYTTON ROUTE in preference
to all others in British Columbia. may

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by John
Robson, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the
Colony of British Columbia.